

TWO IMPORTANT INSECTS.

The Forest Tent Caterpillar and the Hessian Fly.

The forest tent-caterpillar is the insect that has been so abundant this spring throughout the central and eastern portions of the state. The caterpillars resemble the common apple-tree tent-caterpillar except that they have a row of cream white spots down the back instead of a white stripe as has the apple-tree tent-caterpillar. They do not build a nest. They feed upon the foliage of a large variety of forest trees, especially maple, elm and basswood, also various kinds of fruit trees.

The caterpillars spin oblong, white cocoons in any convenient place, along the fences, in the grass, under rubbish, on the trunks of the trees or partially concealed in a leaf which has been drawn about the cocoon. This is done during the first two or three weeks in June. In about ten days a brown moth will escape from each healthy cocoon. Except in the most northern sections of the state all will probably have escaped by the first of July. In a few days the females lay their eggs. They are placed on the smaller twigs in masses, reaching nearly or quite around the twig, abruptly rounded at each end and covered with a glistening, frothy varnish. Each mass contains about 200 eggs. The caterpillars do not come from the eggs until the following spring.

Every healthy cocoon that is destroyed means one less moth, and as a fair percentage will be females each one of which will probably lay two hundred eggs, it is apparent that collecting and destroying of the cocoons means a decided decrease in the number of caterpillars next year. True, some useful parasites will be destroyed, but not enough to balance the good that will be done by destroying the healthy cocoons.

Now that school is out give the girls and boys a chance to earn a little spending money by collecting the cocoons at so much per hundred. As an interesting lesson in nature study encourage them to keep a few cocoons in a covered box and watch for the moths. Some will produce wasp-like insects instead of moths. These are parasites and are useful because they destroy the caterpillars. The work must be done at once as the moths will soon escape and then it will be too late.

Early in July the egg masses may be found on the twigs. They will show plainer when the leaves are gone this fall. Of course it will be impractical in most cases to collect them from the forest trees. But unless the shade trees are too large they can be easily found. On fruit trees it is little trouble to find them. These egg masses should be searched for especially when pruning the trees. Whenever found they should be destroyed at once.

In collecting, the cocoons and egg masses of the apple-tree tent caterpillar will undoubtedly be often taken for those of this species, but as the former also is a very troublesome species, it will be an additional benefit to have them destroyed.

A bulletin discussing the forest tent-caterpillar will be issued in the near future and will be sent free to all who decide it.

The Hessian fly attacks wheat, rye and barley. It is widely distributed in both Europe and America. It is an old enemy to the farmer. It is present every year in varying abundance according to the season. This season it is making itself felt in the wheat growing sections of the state.

The adult insect is a minute fly about half as big as a mosquito. The egg depositing, the development of the maggot, and the number of broods vary much with the climate. We are undoubtedly safe in saying that in the climate of New York the life history is substantially as follows: The adults that appear in the autumn deposit their eggs upon fall wheat. The eggs are laid upon the upper surfaces of the leaves. They hatch in about four days. The maggots work their way down between the sheaths to a point of the stalk near the surface of the ground. Here the pupariums or "flax seeds" are formed, the larvae remaining inactive in them during the winter, but pupating and issuing as adults the following spring. Within a day or two, or possibly a few hours, eggs are laid for the summer brood which form pupariums ("flax seeds") before hatching time, remaining on the stubble during the summer, producing adults in autumn.

The effect upon the infested plant is to cause a stunted growth and to weaken the stalks so that the wheat lodges easily. On young wheat the presence of the insect is clearly indicated by the swelling near the base of the stalk.

The fact that the insect remains in the stubble all summer affords an excellent opportunity for control. The insect can be destroyed by burning or plowing under and rolling the stubble. The feasibility of burning will depend upon the season. If dry it may be burned soon after harvest, otherwise plowing under and rolling will be more practical. It is also important to burn chaff and screenings from wheat that is known to have been infested. In either case the work should be done before the flies emerge. Wet weather favors their development. This should be borne in mind so that the work will be promptly done. If the weather is dry during July and August it is considered desirable to delay burning until the latter part of August so as to give the parasites, which are beneficial insects and which develop in the puparia ("flax seeds") of the insects they have destroyed, a chance to escape.

Early or late fall planting will have an influence on the insect. It is considered by authorities that the time

for planting will depend upon the character of the season. If the weather is unusually dry and hot the fall planting should be delayed as late as it safely can be, as the flies will not emerge until late in the season. If the season has been unusually wet, which favors the early development of the flies, there need not be so much delay. While there are many other remedial measures that have found a certain amount of favor, those mentioned above have been found to be the most practical as a rule. The writer desires information concerning the distribution of this insect, and would be especially glad to receive specimens from infested fields anywhere in the state. V. H. HOWE, Entomologist New York Agricultural Experiment Station.

ASPARAGUS FARMS.

California's Production Last Year Filled 2,160,000 Tin Cans.

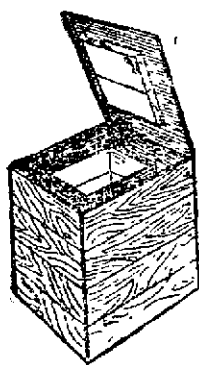
A peculiar industry which has within a few years assumed large proportions in central California is asparagus canning.

Years ago it was discovered that the "overflow" and "tule" lands along the coast and river islands in the central western part of the state were especially adapted for asparagus culture on a large scale. The climate and the rich sedimentary soil of the localities united to produce a quality and quantity of crop unsurpassed in any part of the world, and it was not long before our city markets were fully supplied at the lowest prices.

Then the cannery people awoke to the possibilities of the situation. Asparagus is easy to can; it "handles" well, as it does not easily bruise or decay, requires the simplest of preparation and cooking, and does not in the least lose its inviting appearance during the process of preservation. Therefore, it is an ideal vegetable for canners' use. They began to put it up; and when, ten years ago, 120,000 two-and-a-half pound cans were sold in one season, it was considered that the limit had been attained. How far they were wrong may be realized when it is known that last season between 75,000 and 90,000 cases, containing two dozen two-and-a-half-pound cans each (making between 1,800,000 and 2,160,000 cans) were disposed of so advantageously that this year the industry has received a fresh impetus, and several new gigantic asparagus farms have been started.

A Cream Box.

There are very few things connected with dairymaking that do not necessitate more or less work, oftentimes more than less. The ripening of cream is one of those things in which the success of the dairymaking depends on his attention to details as regards temperature and time. Any dairyman who intends to make butter during the winter months should have a room, closet or even box where he can have some control



Cream Box.

over the temperature. This is necessary if the work is to be done without excessive labor.

If a place of this kind can be provided, the question of ripening cream becomes a very simple one, even in winter. For those who have not a room that can be kept at a cream ripening temperature we would suggest a double box. This ought to have four to six inches space round the sides and bottom. If the boxes could be made permanently tight, no packing would be required. But, as it is, it had better be packed with sawdust, paper, cotton or some other nonconducting material that is clean and odorless. A can of cream can be set in a box of this kind, and if it is properly packed the cream will lose but little of its heat during the night. If care is taken to bring the cream to the ripening temperature before placing it in the box, there ought to be no difficulty in ripening the cream in a proper manner.

Goats Would Clear Off Brush.

A Springfield man who came from Graubünden, and who still owns property there, indorses what The Republican has said in regard to the usefulness of goats in the hill towns. He tried a flock of sheep on his land, but found that about every farmer kept a dog, and that the sheep were so worried that they became very wild, jumped fences, and became entirely demoralized. Only two of them were actually killed by the dogs, he said, but the care of the others was a matter of great difficulty. The keeping of oxen has gone out almost entirely on account of the competition of the West. Where 100 yoke used to be kept, hardly two are raised now. The land is not being plowed up as it used to be, and is all growing up to brush. It needs something like goats to keep the brush down. Sheep would do it to a considerable extent, but not as well as goats. Goats would beat off the dogs better than sheep, and would do the work finely. If the trees are cut down and the sprouts trimmed off they will keep it from growing up again. There is something of a prejudice among some of the farmers against goats, as they sometimes have thought that it was against a man if he kept those animals. But there is no reason for that.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

"He says my eyes seem like the stars above to him," said she. "He may say that," answered Miss Cayenne. "But I am willing to wager a pair of gloves that he does not stand off in the distance and look at them with a telescope."—Washington Star.

"I'm puzzled," said the man, "to know what to do with my son." "That oughtn't to be a difficult problem." "But it is. You see, he has just graduated from a college."—Philadelphia North American.

"You once said you would die for me Jonas, and now you refuse to cut the grass." "That's perfectly logical, Minerva. If I died for you I'd be done with it, but if I mow the grass once you'll make me do it every two weeks."—Chicago Record.

Ellis—Lieutenant Masher seems to be rather attentive to Miss Willing of late. Lattie—Yes; and she's evidently skimming around trying to precipitate an engagement.—Chicago News.

Editor—Your book notices are not at all satisfactory. Reviewer—No? Editor—No, sir. This is the second time within a month that you have praised a book only to have it prove a popular success. At this rate, how do you suppose we are ever going to win the reputation of being a literary authority?—Detroit Journal.

"Why the dickens don't you stop?" asked the angry householder. "The fire is all out." "I allow it is," admitted the leader of the village hose company, "but they is three winders not broke yet."—Indianapolis Journal.

"I told him he didn't dare kiss me," she said. Then she added regretfully: "I sized him up just right."—Chicago Post.

Al—It is when a man is in trouble that he knows the value of a wife. B.—Yes; he can put all his property in her name.—Tit-Bits.

"We used to think men had to climb to fame." "Don't they?" "No. Hobson dived." "That's so." "And Fustun swam."—Chicago Record.

Bates—Is your wife a good cook? Yates—Not exactly that, perhaps, but she is a good woman. She never tries to cook.—Boston Transcript.

"I'd be afraid to marry a girl who had just graduated, wouldn't you, Billy?" "Yes; too much like going in for a civil service examination."—Chicago Record.

"And you think I'd better ask your father now?" "Yes. It will be a little mild practice for you. Then come back and ask me."—Chicago Record.

Brown—Does that new restaurant get up a good meal? Jones—Splendid. Even the proprietor dines there.—Ohio State Journal.

"Did you ever laugh until you cried, Tommy?" "Yes, only this morning." "What at?" "Well, pa stepped on a tack and I laughed; then pa caught me laughing and I cried."—Chicago News.

"What do you mean by saying he is stuck on himself?" said the irritatingly precise border. "I mean," said the Cheerful Idiot, "that he is one of his own firmest adherents."—Indianapolis Journal.

Mater—Girls, we mustn't worry your father about going away this summer. His finances are extremely low, I know. I looked in his check-book yesterday and he only had one check left.—Harlem Life.

A Poser for the Preacher.

To a young man who stood smoking a cigar on a downtown corner the other day there approached the elderly and impertinent reformer of immemorial legend.

"How many cigars a day do you smoke?" asked the licensed meddler in other people's affairs.

"Three," replied the youth, as patiently as he could.

Then the inquisition continued. "How much do you pay for them?"

"Ten cents each," confessed the young man.

"Don't you know, sir," continued the sage, "that if you would save that money by the time you are as old as I am you would own that big building on the corner?"

"Do you own it?" inquired the smoker.

"No," replied the old man.

"Well, I do," said the young man.—Chicago Chronicle.

Willing to be Generous

"Hortense," he said, "I loved you wunst and I do yet, but it can't never be. A guilt has come between us." "Honri! Honri!" the weeping girl implored, "you must—you shall take back them words!"

"I cannot!" he answered. "Our families is no longer in the same class. It is fate. We must part. I cannot marry beneath me."

"Oh, heaven!" she cried, "what has come over him? You haven't got rich suddenly because you're wearin' them \$5 clo's you got last winter. I must know the root. Tell me, Honri, tell me all, and I will be brave. I will try to bear it."

Then he gave her a parting kiss upon her pale, chaste forehead and replied:

"My Uncle Bill druv the carriage what was hired to take Jeffries to his hotel from the depot! But I will always remember you wit' tender feelings."—Chicago Times-Herald.

He's Guessing Yet.

Ye poet—Would that my muse might soar aloft, and cleaving the empyrean blue, find words to sing the glorious glory of your hair of burnished gold.

Ye Maiden (Titan hair, but, prosaic)—That sounds very pretty, Mr. Scribbler, but do you know the difference between your poems and my hair?

Ye poet—Ah, a conundrum. I give it up. What is the difference, O fairest of your sex?

Ye maiden—Well, my hair's read.—Kansas City Journal.

WORN-OUT WOMEN

Most women are drudges. Some are willing, some are unwilling. Some women drudge for themselves, some for their family. Their routine is endless; no matter how ill they feel they work.

Women never half take care of themselves. Early decay and wrecked lives abound, mainly through neglect. Every woman should have the book called "Health and Beauty," which the Pe-runa Medicine Co., Columbus, O., will mail on request.

It tells women some easy things to do to protect health, and all about the virtues of Pe-runa for women's peculiar ills. Miss Lizzie Peters, Mascoutah, Ill., writes:

"I am perfectly cured of female weakness by taking Pe-runa and Man-a-lin. I have gained thirty-seven pounds since I began taking Pe-runa. My friends are wondering what makes me look so bright and healthy. I would like to let the world know what a wonderful medicine Pe-runa is."

Woman's diseases are mainly catarrh of the pelvic organs. Pe-runa drives out every trace of catarrh.

Mrs. Eliza Wike, No. 120 Iron Street, Akron, O., writes:

"I would be in my grave now if it had not been for your God-sent remedy, Pe-runa. I was a broken-down woman, now I am well."

BAR-BEN
THE GREAT
RESTORATIVE.

Bar-Ben is the greatest known nerve tonic and blood purifier. It cures all nervous diseases and restores the brain, makes the blood pure and rich and causes a general feeling of health, power and renewed vitality, while the regenerative organs are healed to regain their normal powers, and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit. One box will work wonders, six should perfect a cure. 50 cts. A BOX; 6 boxes, \$2.50. For sale by druggists everywhere, or mailed, sealed, on receipt of price. Address DR. J. B. BARTON AND BENSON, 55 Bar-Ben Block, Cleveland, O.

PANTS AT HALF PRICE

We shall close out our stock of Fine Made-to-measure Pants, which we cut and made to measure at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. We are now selling them at half price, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. BAKING OVER 1000 PAIRS OF PANTS. Measure errors creep in and some unskillful professionals, and to keep our stock fresh, we cut and made to measure at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. We are now selling them at half price, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. BAKING OVER 1000 PAIRS OF PANTS. Measure errors creep in and some unskillful professionals, and to keep our stock fresh, we cut and made to measure at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. We are now selling them at half price, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. BAKING OVER 1000 PAIRS OF PANTS. Measure errors creep in and some unskillful professionals, and to keep our stock fresh, we cut and made to measure at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. We are now selling them at half price, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. 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THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,

20 N. Erie Street, - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on
sale at Bahner's Book Store, Bam-
mer's cigar stand (Hotel Conrad),
and Bert Barker's News stand in
North Mill street.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1899.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH,
of Franklin county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton county.

For Auditor,
W. D. GUILBERT,
of Noble county.

For Treasurer,
I. B. CAMERON,
of Columbiana county.

For Attorney General,
JAMES M. SHEETS,
of Putnam county.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion county.

For Member Board of Public Works
FRANK HUFFMAN
of Allen county

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

For Common Pleas Judge,
WARREN W. HOLE,

For Representative,
ROBERT A. SNYDER,
JACOB A. POLLOCK,
CLARK W. METZGER

For Probate Judge,
LAURICE E. AUNGST.

For Prosecuting Attorney
ROBERT H. DAY.

For Treasurer,
W. HARVEY SMITH.

For Sheriff,
JOHN J. ZAISER.

For County Commissioner
JOSEPH B. SUMMER.

For Infirmary Director,
ANDREW REESE.

The statement of the financial condition of the island of Cuba, given out for publication by the war department on Monday, is important, showing as it does that under the economical and intelligent management of the United States government the receipts of the island from January 1, 1899, to June 30 of the current year, exceed the expenditures by \$1,470,022. This will doubtless prove a surprise to the uninformed, as in some quarters the suspicion has existed that Cuba under the military occupation of the United States was not self sustaining.

General Lord Kitchener paid a well deserved tribute to American workmen in his speech, last week, at the opening of the bridge built by an American firm at Athara, Egypt. It will be remembered that every effort was made last November and December to place the order for the bridge in England, but English firms were unable to guarantee its completion within a given time. "I must congratulate the American foreman of the workmen," said General Kitchener, "upon the success that has crowned their efforts in the heart of Africa, far from home, and in the hottest months of the year. They had to depend for their labor solely on men speaking a foreign tongue. They have shown by their work the real grit they are made of."

In the course of a careful and candid consideration of the altered aspect of international trade, brought about by the appearance in the field of a competitor of the most formidable type, the Financial News, of London, in a recent issue, brings its British readers face to face with some significant facts, as follows: "At the risk of wearisome iteration, we are constantly directing notice to the tremendous industrial empire which has been and is still being built up in the United States; for it does appear to us that every one on this side of the Atlantic, save the diminishing number of holders of American securities, is bound to view with concern the lowering of England's commercial flag by her transatlantic rival. That grievous process has passed beyond the stage of argument and prophecy: it is an accomplished and patent fact."

Commenting on the President's speech in which he declared that the American flag must stay in the Philippines, the New York Times has given vent to the following utterance which stamps it definitely with the characteristics of the consistent, patriotic and thoroughly American newspaper:

"We do not believe he has greatly mistaken the will of the people. We believe that what he has done in the Philippines and the Philippines have been a correct as well as a faithful interpretation of what the people of the United States desired to have done, so far as they knew their own desire. We believe the people of the United States behind the President in this matter.

And in any case, it is cruel and outrageous to impose solely on him a responsibility that, at every stage and every step, he has shown himself willing and even anxious to divide with us."

The Hon. William Lloyd Garrison, who was one of the waiters at the meeting of the Peace Union last week, said among other things that President McKinley should have resigned his office rather than allow the country to go to war, and that Admiral Dewey should have retired to private citizenship rather than help to carry out the administration's policy in the Philippines. Fortunately for the country, the men who did everything in their power to avert the war did not act the part of cowards when they found that it was inevitable. When the destinies of the nation are controlled by Mugwumps like William Lloyd Garrison and traitors of the stamp of Edward Atkinson, it will not be strange to see men deserting from their posts to duty in times of public extremity. Until that time, however, it is probable that the administration will proceed in the course it is now pursuing, while members of the universal Peace Union relieve their pent up feelings by telling each other what a cruel, cruel nation we are.

The Hon. William S. Thomas in his speech at Zanesville on Tuesday set the standard for the lines on which the coming campaign in Ohio is to be fought out, the principles of which, in the face of present prosperous farming, mining, laboring, manufacturing and exporting conditions, are enough to ruin the chances of any candidate nominated by the Democratic party. In order to encourage "our business men generally," Mr. Thomas says we must have "reciprocity or free trade with the world." In other words we must have a return of Clevelandism or the policy under which in four years the farmers of the United States suffered an aggregate loss of fully five billions of dollars and reason of diminished consumption and decreased values of farm products. What was lost by the work people during that distressful period of free trade tariff legislation can scarcely be computed. In any event the majority of business and working men have been so much the winners through present conditions that they will not welcome a return of the lower food prices and accompanying deprivations of "reciprocity, or free trade with the world."

The change which has apparently taken place in the moral atmosphere of Rennes during the past twenty-four hours revives hope in the ultimate triumph of justice in the case of Captain Dreyfus. The balance of the evidence at Tuesday's session was in favor of the prisoner, and the contradiction of the testimony of M. Bertillon concerning the handwriting of the bordereau has changed the attitude of Dreyfus's judges, who have frankly betrayed their appreciation of the truth of the situation. There are other reasons also suggested in recent dispatches that point to the end toward which the case is now tending. It will be remembered that the general staff has been unable to produce one scrap of evidence going to show that the information specified in the bordereau was ever delivered to a foreign power by Dreyfus or anybody else. The judges have, therefore, a course open which will enable them to acquit the prisoner without, in their opinion, condemning their superiors of the general staff of conspiracy for the use of legal measures against Dreyfus in 1894. They can base their verdict avowedly upon the expert testimony, which compels them to acquit.

A SOMNAMBULIST

He Attempts to Alight from a Train at Justus in His Sleep.

A man named Simpson undertook to alight from a C. & W. south bound passenger, near Justus, Tuesday evening, while the train was running at full speed. Beyond a few bruises and cuts he miraculously escaped injury. The injured man came to Massillon on an early morning train.

WILL LOCATE HERE.

Dr. J. O. Gardner Resigns from the Athens Institution.

Dr. Jesse O. Gardner has resigned his assistant superintendency of the Athens state hospital for the insane, and will resume the practice of medicine in Massillon. Dr. Gardner's office and residence are at 184 West Main street.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 13 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transaction, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUXAX,

Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALLING, KINMAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly, bilious, complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

TO THE WORKHOUSE

Two More Men Sent up
by Mayor Wise.

DOWLING AND BLACKBURN

Canal Dover Authorities did not Think it Worth While to Investigate the Charge of Burglary—Decker and Gschwenders Annoy Mr. Jones.

Canal Dover authorities notified Massillon that they had forgotten about the charge on which Charles Dowling was wanted and that Massillon should do as it pleased about the matter. So Mayor Wise sentenced Dowling to thirty days in the workhouse, he pleading guilty to a charge of carrying a concealed weapon. Harvey Blackburn, guilty on the same charge, was given fifteen days in the workhouse. They were taken to Canton this afternoon.

Elmer Decker, Charles Gschwender and George Gschwender were arrested by Policemen Brownberger and Erdle on complaint of William Jones, the hero of the smallpox scare. Jones claimed they had ejected him from his towpath home and had taken possession themselves. The three spent the day in jail, but were discharged on condition that they permit Jones to live in peace.

FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

ORRVILLE NEWS.
ORRVILLE, Aug. 28.—George Cann, alias John Doe, was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging him with assault upon Ada Shay. At the hearing he pleaded guilty of the charge and Mayor Cannon fined him \$50 and costs which he could not pay. He was sent to the workhouse this morning to work out the fine, which will take 102 days. He gave his address as Cheever Falls, Pa.

Frank Cheyney, aged three years, was kicked by a mule yesterday and had his skull crushed. Dr. Greenman was called and removed part of the skull and hopes are entertained for his recovery. The second section of the Tenth Pennsylvania troops passed through here at 6:30 this morning four hours late. Our citizens were out to welcome them home again. While passing through here, east of town, the engine struck a cow and killed her. The progress of the train was not interrupted.

A MINISTER'S MISHAP.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Aug. 28.—Fire threatened to destroy the house owned by William Piper, but the efficient bucket brigade put out the flames before much damage was done. The fire was caused by a defective flue and had burned part of the roof.

The Rev. Mr. Schillinger, of Canal Fulton, had an exciting and unpleasant ride for a while on Sunday afternoon. His horse became frightened while driving through town and he was given a swift trip across the bridges and railroads. When Mr. Schillinger saw the horse was uncontrollable he managed to run the animal against the postoffice building and wedged the buggy between the building and a hitching post, throwing Mr. Schillinger violently to the ground. No killing was broken and the driver escaped with a few scratches.

DALTON BRIEFS.

DALTON, Aug. 29.—Jane McDowell, who created a sensation in Dalton several years ago by marrying a tramp named Anderson, from whom she was soon afterwards divorced, is lying at the point of death.

News has been received here of the death at Rochester, Ind., of the Rev. H. L. Weltmer, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place.

NEWS FROM PINN.

PINN, Aug. 29.—The Rev. James Steele and family, who have been spending their vacation here, returned to Tiffin yesterday.

Miss Grace Snively, of Benton, Ind., who has been visiting with friends here, has gone to Clinton to visit there.

Mrs. Eliza Wampler, who has been visiting in Michigan, has returned.

Charles Oberlin is on the sick list. The Rev. H. J. Christman, of Uniontown, who was visiting here, was recalled to officiate at the funeral of one of the members of his church.

The Tuscarawas township Sunday school convention was well attended, and the interest did not lag at any of its sessions. The dust kept the picnic from being as well attended as usual, but there was still a large crowd there and the programme was crowded about as announced previously. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: R. W. Kingel, president; W. G. Snively, secretary; B. F. Snively, treasurer.

BOLIVAR NOTES.

BOLIVAR, Aug. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Beecher returned home from Chautauqua last Thursday evening, where they spent their honeymoon.

Master Clarence Flad has a fine phonograph, and the entertainment given by him at the M. E. church was well attended.

A number of our people went with the excursion to Wheeling, which was given by Russell & Co., from Massillon last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Maurer left last week for Lodi, where Mr. Maurer will again teach school.

Visiting James Weaver, from Canton, is visiting his uncle, Mr. D. F. Lash.

Mrs. Ewing and daughter Emma, returned to their home in Canal Dover, after a pleasant four weeks' visit with her son, James Ewing, at this place.

The County C. E. Convention will be

held at this place on the 29th and 30th of August.

Miss Nan Hoover, of Steubenville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. Kratzsch. Miss Grace Sheaffer is visiting Canton relatives this week.

Mrs. William Irwin, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. L. A. Hehreck, returned home last Wednesday, after a four weeks' visit in Bolivar.

Birt Birten is assisting Fred Correll with his blacksmithing at present, owing to the ill health of Mr. Correll.

James Evans, Jr., of returned from Cleveland last week, owing to poor health.

Mrs. C. J. Pfau has just received a line of fall millinery.

Martin Grotzinger is not much better at present.

Miss Florence Bose, of Jewett, has been visiting her grandfather, C. C. Shutz, the past week.

Miss Lillie Skeels, of this place, and Joe Rochester, of Oak Harbor, were quietly married last Sunday at 1 o'clock, by the Rev. J. H. Summers, at the home of the bride.

Christ Baatz, of Massillon, visited Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Pfau a few days last week.

Quite a number of our people attended the ball game between Bolivar and North Industry on Saturday. The Bolivar boys came out ahead.

Ed Bard and Miss Tillie Weber were the guests of Canal Dover friends last Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Shutz, of Canal Dover, have been visiting the former's parents, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Crook spent Sunday with Beach City friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Black and Mr. and Mrs. William M. Smith are camping near the mouth of the Sandy.

J. B. Smith and Bolivar have moved from Massillon to Bolivar and are occupying the Kohl property.

H. L. Lash, of Canton, spent Sunday in Bolivar.

C. F. Maurer, residing about one and a half miles from town, had a misfortune last week. While cutting weeds a piece lodged in his eye, and has caused him considerable trouble since.

Bro. Schuler and daughter, of West Brookfield, were the guests of Bolivar friends Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Lebold spent one day last week at the home of her sister, Mrs. L. A. Helwick.

William McLaughlin has returned from Cottage Grove, where he has been employed as ship repairer for the past three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Muchalunas have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Summers the past week. They will remain during the C. E. convention, as Mr. Muchalunas is one of the Newcomers-town delegates.

The C. E. union meeting which was held at the German church last Sunday evening, was interesting and well attended.

The performances of the Selden-Stetson Company, which played here three nights of last week, were enjoyed by all who attended.

Mrs. Christina App is visiting at the home of her son, Christ. Rieker, at Canal Dover.

Mrs. S. D. Hildt spent one day last week with Canton friends.

Miss J. O. Peoples has been on the sick list.

Miss Lizzie Thompson has returned from the Canton hospital, where she has been taking treatment for rheumatism. She is at present staying with Mrs. James Hickman.

C. H. Lebold was in Canton on business one day last week.

THE NEWS FROM NEW-MAN.

NEW-MAN, Aug. 30.—The Western Ohio coal mine became exhausted and was abandoned on Monday of this week. It is said the machinery will be removed to another territory.

The adults of our Sunday school met at the George Williamson residence last Friday evening, and were royally entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Baughman and Miss Clara Baughman.

Miss Eva Prosser left for Pittsburg last Sunday, where she will remain indefinitely with her sister, Mrs. Winneberg.

Miss M. Smith, of Massillon, is the guest, this week, of her sister, Mrs. Melie Young, of this place.

Miss Margaret Findley has gone to Toledo for an extended visit with her friend, Miss Jennie Kitt.

John P. Jones, the North Lawrence statesman, will again have the opportunity of increasing the size of his hat, being appointed by Governor Bushnell, on the Ohio committee to go to Chicago on September 13 and wrestle with that great problem of trusts and combinations.

The course of procedure will be outlined and recommended to Congress for legislation at its next session. The national industrial committee, of which the Hon. M. D. Hatchford is a member, will be present, and no doubt will impart valuable information on this all important question.

N. E. EATON NOTES.

MR. EATON, Aug. 31.—Miss Katherine Carry returned to Canton, Friday, after a few months' stay at the Lucas Hotel.

Miss Lavina, Emma and Ralph Meeks, of Wooster, visited in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wampler, Emma Meeks remaining for some time.

The funeral of Thomas King took place from his late residence Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Sargent. Burial was in the West Lawn cemetery.

Jacob Misser is on the sick list.

This election on local option held in this township last Saturday resulted in favor of the "drys," after a spirited fight. The vote stood—34 dry, 23 wet.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Now is the time to subscribe.

LIEDING IS BACK.

Providence Prevents His
Trip to Germany.

LONG SICK IN BALTIMORE.

Returns to Massillon and Astonishes His Wife as Much as the Letter He Left When He Mysteriously Disappeared.

August Lieding has reappeared as mysteriously as he disappeared just one month ago. It was on a Sunday that he left, and he told his wife that he was going to church. The next day a letter came saying that he was bound for Germany, and was not sure he would ever come back. Then there was long silence. The other day Lieding limped into his home on the Youngstown Hill road, just beyond the corporation line. "What's the matter here?" he demanded. "I lie in a hospital in Baltimore so sick I can hardly move and I have two letters sent you and you never answer."

The wife and children declared that no word had been received after the first letter. Lieding then embraced his family and told his story. "I got word, my country," he said, "to come to the old country at once to get big money left by my mother. When I got to Baltimore I became sick, and I went to a hospital. There I was all the time. I told them to write to you, but I guess they forgot it." "Well," spoke up Mrs. Lieding, "it all goes to show that Providence intends that you shall stay right here at home and look after your family, and not go scurrying away saying that something worse will happen if ever you venture on the ocean on any such business like that."

And Mr. Lieding is of the same opinion himself. He has authorized responsible persons in Germany to look after his interests, which are worth about \$3,000, and he will take no chances on another stroll from his fireside.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

President McKinley Meets with an Enthusiastic Reception.

CANTON, Aug. 30.—Today was a gala day for Canton, and President McKinley's presence in the city was fittingly honored. A reception committee of ten went to Alliance on an early morning train and met the presidential party. At the station the Canton troop, Grand Army band and the Deuber-Hampden escort club met the special train and escorted the distinguished guest to the Barber residence. Besides Mrs. McKinley, Dr. Rixey and Private Secretary Cortelyou are members of the party. The cannon on Deuber Heights fired a salute of twenty-one guns. Many of the manufacturing establishments closed down for a short time that their employees might share in the excitement. Almost every whistle in Canton was exerted to its utmost noise-making capacity. Tonight members of the Eighth Ohio will call on President McKinley in a body.

L. D. Bonebrake, commissioner of public schools of Ohio, addressed this morning's meeting of the Stark county teachers' institute. Mr. Bonebrake presented interesting statistics, in which he showed that in township districts on an average gentlemen teachers received \$36 per month and lady teachers \$23, while in city districts the monthly salary for gentlemen and ladies was \$51 and \$30. He ascribed the difference in pay of the localities to lively competition in country districts and a consequent underbidding on salaries. He also showed that the levy in township districts was only 8.3 mills, against 6.6 mills in cities, the limit being 7 mills. He attributed this to the country election of school directors, where voters generally cast their ballots for the man they know is most economical, without any regard to the detrimental influence their policy may have on the schools. Messrs. Ellis, Syler and Sarver, county examiners, were appointed secretaries of the reading circle. An invitation to address the institute will be extended to President McKinley.

The case of G. B. Eggert and James McLaughlin vs. Louise Winold and G. W. Doll, her guardian, for \$230, for professional services, has been appealed from Justice Sibila's court to common pleas court. Willison & Day representing the plaintiff.

George B. Cock has filed a statement, estimating the cost of his run for the Democratic nomination for representative at \$23.65.

Reapportionment and public sale of sundry tracts of real estate have been ordered in the estate of Peter G. Albright, of Massillon. Sale of sundry tracts of real estate confirmed and deeds ordered.

In the estate of Elizabeth Rowland, of Sugar Creek township, will has been admitted to probate, and widower elects to take under will.

A. M. Holmes has instituted divorce proceedings against Bessie C. Holmes.

A marriage license has been granted to Phares Brenner and Bertha Brinker, of Canal Fulton.

The following Democratic candidates have filed itemized reports of their expenses in the recent primaries: Atlee Pomeroy, for prosecuting attorney, \$17.25; E. J. Walker, for representative, \$17.75; John G. Warwick, for representative, \$15; J. P. Swarth, for land appraiser of Bethlehem township, \$3.30; Amos Mase, for land appraiser of Bethlehem township, \$3.

Deputy Clerk of Courts Bliss has completed the bar list for the September term which commences on Monday,

September 18. There are over 300 cases on the docket to be disposed of during the term; 176 of these are new cases. The docket shows that 250 cases have been commenced since the beginning of last May term of court, and that 74 of them have been disposed of by the court, leaving the remaining 176 for the September term. There will not be as many cases on the docket this term as there were last, but the total number will be over 300.

Application to probate will continued in the estate of Louis S. Buttermore, of Massillon.

Inventory has been filed in the guardianship of Jacob Kurtz, of Massillon.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Charles S. Kutschbach and Clara E. Schindler, John Fromholtz and Margaret Seibert, of Massillon, and Frank E. Kessel and Mayme Rohr, of Crystal Spring.

A Samuel Ayres and Alma Foltz, of Richville.

BURGLARS IN EAST END.

Money, and Other Things Stolen from the Masters Residence.

Two burglars, after ransacking the first floor of the East End residence of Mrs. Thomas Masters, at 2 o'clock Sunday morning, made so much noise opening the door at the top of the stairs leading to the second floor that members of the family were aroused. They screamed, and the prowlers fled. An investigation showed that a small sum of money, two gold watch chains and other articles of value had been stolen. It is supposed that the men selected themselves in the house early in the evening, as none of the door or window locks bear any evidence of having been tampered with. They made their escape through the front door, and were heard running down the paved walk to the road.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

MRS. DANNER.

CANAL FULTON, Aug. 28.—Mrs. Danner, aged 86 years, died at home at 10 o'clock Sunday morning. She was the widow of David Danner, south of this place, Monday morning. She is survived by two sons, and was a relative of David Danner, of Canton.

ETHEL MAUGER.

Ethel Manger, aged 3 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Manger, residing east of the city, died this morning of brain fever.

MRS. SWIHART.

The death of Mrs. Swihart, the mother of Mrs. L. Mader, occurred at 11:30 o'clock Monday morning. Mrs. Swihart lived with her daughter, near Canal Fulton.

MRS. ELIZABETH SWIHART.

Mrs. Elizabeth Swihart, of whose death a brief notice appeared in Monday's paper, was the widow of the late Henry Swihart, and was the mother of John Swihart, of 64 Akron street. The other children are Edward and David Swihart, who reside near West Lebanon, and Mrs. Louis Mathie, residing near Canal Fulton. Mrs. Swihart made her home with her daughter. The deceased was 68 years old. She was born in Tuscarawas county, and her maiden name was Smiley. Funeral services will be held at the Mathie residence at 11:45 o'clock Wednesday morning, the Rev. F. H. Simpson, of this city, officiating.

DEATH OF A CHILD.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bell, of 292 West Main street, died Tuesday. The funeral took place today.

CARL DECKARD.

Carl Deckard, aged five years, son of Mrs. Lulu Deckard, of 21 Plum street, died at noon today. He had been ill for three weeks with typhoid fever and rheumatism. The child, who was a mute, was well known about town, and was a great favorite with all.

A Bad Fall.

Oscar Davies, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Gregory Davies, of 277 West Main street, fell from a wagon yesterday, and four teeth were knocked out.

First Minstrels of the season at the Armory, Friday, September 1. Gus Sun's Rising Minstrels.

"I am Hale and Harty Now."

writes C. B. Hill, of Marshall, Mich., "A living proof of the efficacy of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I have suffered 20 years from heart trouble, and became so bad I could not lie down to sleep. Physicians failed to help me, and I was advised to try Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, which benefited me from the first. I continued using it and now am in perfect health."

DR. MILES' Heart Cure

is sold by all druggists on guarantee first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free.

Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

PACIFIC COAST BUSY.

MUCH MANUFACTURING NOW DONE IN CALIFORNIA.

M. H. De Young Expresses Unbounded Confidence in the Far West. Ships Unable to Handle Present Trade to the Orient.

(Special Correspondence.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 10.—M. H. De Young is one of the most representative men on the Pacific coast. He is the proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle and is also a politician of wide fame. On one of the top floors of the Chronicle building in Market street he has a magnificent den. In this place the writer found him, and a pleasant chat of an hour resulted.

"I am an enthusiastic believer," said he, "in the future of the Pacific coast states and in fact of the whole west. We have always been an agricultural people, but I believe we are destined in the near future to do a large amount of manufacturing. Among the great markets of the world are China and Japan. Since the 1st of January not a ship has left any Pacific port for the orient which has not been compelled to leave behind freight.

"In order to do manufacturing fuel is needed. Up to the present time coal has always been expensive. Freight rates have prohibited the universal use of coal, but the entrance into San Francisco of another great transcontinental road will doubtless lower freight charges in due time. Many of the coast towns get their electric power from the mountains. It is furnished by the falling streams and is transmitted by wire. The cars in Los Angeles and Redlands are propelled in this way, and these and many other cities are lighted from the same source. The discovery of rich oilfields throughout the southern part of the state is another factor which will aid the manufacturing impulse which has already taken hold of the coast.

The Spreckels are building a great electric power house in San Francisco. It will supply thousands of horsepower, and this will be sold at a reasonable figure. They can do this, as they own a fleet of ships and are thereby enabled to import coal much more cheaply than other parties. We have shoe factories and have already made and shipped to Manila for the government over 65,000 pairs of shoes. We make glass bottles and rope. We also make a great deal of mining machinery. They are building flour mills quite rapidly, and the entire product of one just being erected in Seattle has been contracted for five years in advance.

"We produce a quantity of paper and ship part of the output to China, Japan and Australia. Some parties in



M. H. DE YOUNG.

the latter country are so well satisfied with their California purchase that they have just signed a contract for a two years' supply. Our state has one of the largest beet sugar factories in the world, consuming, as it does, over 3,000 tons of beets per day. The machinery for this industry was formerly made in Germany, but they have already commenced to make it here.

"The sudden awakening which is taking place in China and Japan is truly wonderful. These people are beginning to appreciate our luxuries. They are an acute and imitative race and are able to copy our products very closely. For many years to come these two countries will furnish a market for the exports of Europe and the United States. Then at a later day these two countries will not only do their own manufacturing, but they will likewise become exporters. A terrific contest will ensue. On the one side will be a great horde of poorly paid slaves, working and subsisting upon what would seem to us as Anglo-Saxon. On the other side, aided by the best of modern machinery, will be the highly paid labor of the civilized nations. It will be a death struggle. I believe that when that time comes, as come it must, the high paid labor intelligent, educated and well directed, will win every time.

"I believe that England is retrograding in the matter of manufacturing and that the United States is taking her place. Recently we have seen a shipment of American locomotives to France and a lot, comprising 53 in number, exported to Great Britain. We have sent over 50,000 tons of rails to Finland, and this was in competition with English manufacturers. Russia needed 100 locomotives, and bids were asked to supply them. Belgium parties bid lower than the Englishmen and agreed to supply the locomotives within 18 months. An American firm found they could do it in seven months and at a lower figure than any one. The Yankee parties are at work on them now." WILLIAM R. BRITTON

KEENER THAN MANKIND.

Illusions That Deceive Men Have No Effect Upon Animals.

"It's a singular fact," said a man in the show business, "that 'illusions,' as we call 'em, don't fool animals. I've seen that proved over and over again. A few years ago I had what is known as the 'Mythic Maze' at the Nashville exposition. It was simply a small room filled with mirrors, so arranged that you seemed to be in a narrow corridor, full of turns. It was very puzzling, and I used to get lost in it myself, but it never bothered my dog a moment. He would run through it from end to end at full speed and never bump against a mirror.

"I saw something on the same line in Frisco not long ago. A friend of mine had an illusion called 'The Haunted Swing.' You get in what seems to be an ordinary swing, hung in the center of a good sized room, and the thing begins to move. It goes back and forth and finally clear over the top—that is to say, it seems to. What really turns around is the room itself. The swing stands perfectly still. It is a good illusion, and when the room is revolved rapidly there never was a man who could keep his head in the swing. It seems as if he must certainly pitch out, and if the motion is kept up he gets deathly sick. But a pet cat belonging to my friend used to lie on the edge of the seat and never turn a hair, no matter how fast the thing was worked.

"The elder Herrmann told me that animals were never deceived by false table legs, built up with looking glasses and used in stage tricks. They always passed around on the other side. I guess they must see better, somehow, than men."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

BACKSLIDING INDIANS.

Unsuccessful Attempts to Convert Them in Early Times.

In a report to the classis of Amsterdam on the state of religion in the New Netherlands in 1657, Rev. Johannes Megapolensis and Rev. Samuel Drisins made the following somewhat discouraging statement in regard to the efforts to convert the Indians. It will be noted that the conclusions arrived at by the reverend gentlemen in the first sentence of the extract were in the nature of a prediction which has been completely fulfilled:

"Of the conversion of the heathens, or Indians, here, we can say but little, nor do we see any means thereunto until by the numbers and power of our nation they are subdued and brought under some policy and our people show them a better example than they have hitherto done.

"We have had one Indian here with us full two years, so that he could read and write good Dutch. We instructed him in the grounds of religion. He also answered publicly in the church and repeated the prayers. We likewise presented him with a Bible in order to work through him some good among the Indians. But it all resulted in nothing. He has taken to drinking of brandy. He pawned the Bible and became a real beast, who is doing more harm than good among the Indians."—Albany Argus.

The Court's Comment.

A Georgia justice of the peace, relates Case and Comment, once took upon himself to charge a jury as follows: "Gentlemen, this is a case which has been tried by me before, and I decided in favor of the defendant." As the jury took the hint and found for the defendant, just as the justice had done before, although the evidence was overwhelmingly in favor of the plaintiff, the higher court refused to let the verdict stand. It also commented as follows:

"A justice of the peace is generally a man of consequence in his neighborhood. He writes the wills, draws the deeds and pulls the teeth of the people; also he performs divers surgical operations on the animals of his neighbors. The justice has played his part on the busy stage of life from the time of Mr. Justice Shallow down to the time of Mr. Justice Riggins. Who has not seen the gaping, listening crowd assembled around his honor, the justice, on tiptoe to catch the words of wisdom as they fell from his venerated lips?

"And still they gazed,
And still the wonder grew
That one small head
Could carry all he knew."

The Kind of a Piece It Was.

One evening at a social function where Sarasate was among the guests, a young violinist had the bad taste to play one of Sarasate's compositions with variations of his own creation. The latter were inappropriate and inartistic and jarred upon the ears of all. The performer ended his work and made his way to Sarasate, doubtless expecting a word of recognition or praise. Sarasate said nothing, and the player finally asked, "I hope you recognize that piece?"

"Certainly," Sarasate promptly replied: "it was a piece of impudence."—San Francisco Argonaut.

A Simple Fire Extinguisher.

In German varnish factories an easy way to extinguish a burning pan of oil has been found in the use of a fine meshed wire net. As soon as this covers the burning surface the iron wires conduct off the heat so rapidly that the gases can no longer flame. It is the principle of the Davy safety lamp and might be employed in various ways to extinguish burning gases.

There is Biblical proof of the fact that gloves have been worn 3,000 years. The first mention of them is made in the book of Ruth.

The finest, purest and most nutritious animal jelly known is that made from elephants' tusks.

UNION FOR COMMERCE.

SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLICS GETTING CLOSER TOGETHER.

Their Talk of Combine, However, Not One of Hostility to the United States, but For Commercial Advancement—Aggregate Strength.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The state department is not lying awake nights worrying over the rumored alliance of the South American republics, which are reported to be combining with hostile intent against the United States. The department has positive assurances from diplomatic representatives of nearly all of the South and Central American states of their most friendly and cordial feeling toward this country, and there is no ground for supposition that there will be any break in these relations. There is no doubt, however, that the South American republics are gradually working toward a closer commercial union among themselves, which may or may not be of advantage to us. That depends upon how promptly and efficiently we are able to meet the commercial conditions of those countries.

With no hostility toward the United States the presidents of several of the South American republics have been meeting in conference—sort of mutual admiration societies and love feasts, the purpose of which has been to advance their respective commercial interests. President Campos Salles of Brazil and President Julio Roca of the Argentine Republic have been the chief movers in this commercial union, the principal meeting having been recently held in Buenos Ayres.

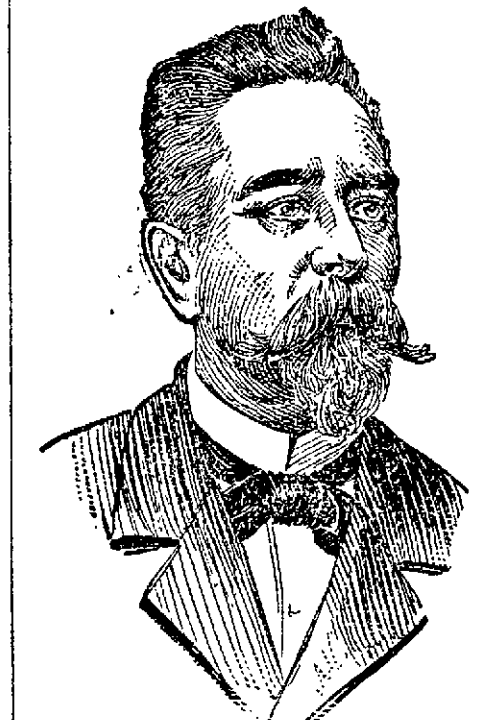
While there is no probability of this country ever coming into conflict with the South American states, it is interesting to note what sort of a front the united republics would be able to put up against a common enemy.

Chile, Argentina and Brazil have quite respectable navies, the strength of which may be summarized as follows:

Armored Cruisers—Argentina, 9; Brazil, 7; Chile, 5; total, 21.
Protected Cruisers—Argentina, 4; Brazil, 4; Chile, 4; total, 12.
Gunboats—Argentina, 7; Brazil, 6; total, 13.
Torpedo Gunboats—Argentina, 8; Brazil, 1; Chile, 7; total, 11.
Torpedo Destroyers—Argentina, 13; Brazil, 9; Chile, 21; total, 43.
Total fighting craft of all kinds, 100.

Outside of Argentina, Brazil and Chile the navies of the coast republics of South America need hardly be taken into consideration. Peru has a cruiser of 1,700 tons, a screw steamer and ten various small vessels of no real value. Paraguay has a screw steamer of 440 tons, carrying four guns, and two small river steamers. Uruguay has three gunboats and one small river steamer. Venezuela has three steamers, with a few small gunboats for river service.

The united republics would be very much stronger on land than at sea.



PRESIDENT CAMPOS SALLES OF BRAZIL.

The Argentine Republic has a standing army of 29,513 officers and men. The number of men enrolled in the national guard is 480,000.

Brazil has an effective army of 28,100 men, of whom 4,000 are officers. In addition there are 20,000 gendarmes. The total military strength of Brazil in times of war is placed at 560,000. But the military spirit is not pronounced in Brazil, and little attention has been paid to military instruction.

Under existing laws the Chilean standing army is limited in times of peace to 9,000 officers and men. Besides the regular army there is a national guard, service in which is compulsory for every man between the ages of 20 and 40. The enrolled strength of the national guard is 512,700.

The military strength of the other South American republics is substantially as follows: Bolivia, regulars, 2,000; reserves, 80,000; Colombia, regulars, 1,900; reserves, 100,000; Ecuador, regulars, 3,300; reserves, 39,000; Paraguay, regulars, 1,500; reserves, 50,000; Peru, regulars, 3,000; reserves, 40,000; Uruguay, regulars, 3,200; reserves, 20,000; Venezuela, regulars, 3,500; reserves, 60,000.

The combined republics would, according to these figures, have a regular army of 84,420 and reserved force of 2,000,000. But any discussion of an army of 2,000,000 men raised by the South American republics is puerile. Such an army, even if it could be enlisted, could not be effectively organized. The jealousy of rival commanders would result in civil war in 48 hours.

But any talk of actual hostilities between this country and the South American states is simply one of those "Midsummer Night's Dreams" with which the space writers are wont to tide over the dull season.

SAMUEL HUBBARD.

WAIT for the GREAT Massillon Merchants' STREET FAIR

September 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Grand Industrial Parade at 10 a. m.,
Monday, Sept 4.

Nearly a Mile of the Finest Displays Ever Exhibited by any Fair or Carnival.

THE MIDWAY

Entrance to which is free, possesses more attractions than have ever been offered at a street fair.

HAGENBACK to be Here

Instead of his Animal only, arrangements have been made to have him bring his entire Midway. Other Contracts Canceled.

The amusement committee of the Street Fair Association has entered into a contract with Manager Frank C. Bostick for the appearance here of the Hagenback complete Midway, which is undoubtedly the finest thing of the kind ever produced in Ohio. Just as it was in Cleveland and the other large cities, so it will be in Massillon. The amusement committee had always considered this expensive aggregation beyond its reach, but at the last moment an off-date with Hagenback turned up in Massillon's favor.

The Hagenback Midway Has the Following Attractions:

Darkness and Dawn, or Heaven and Hell

Whose one side shows awful mills of destruction in motion, under the direction of His Satanic Majesty and a score of subordinate demons. A golden stairway leads to the other half, and at the top a beautiful grotto of gold, radiant under electrical effects, with countless glittering crystal stalactites.

MOULIN ROUGE,

The reigning sensation, showing all the new dances, given by the best talent in the profession.

CRYSTAL MAZE,

A Palace of Mirrors, precisely the same as the Moorish Palace at the World's Fair on a smaller scale.

VENETIAN GONDOLAS,

A show that takes one direct to Venice, gives him a realistic ride on its streets of water and lays before him its most attractive sights.

GAY PAREE,

An exhibition presenting scenes of life as it is at night in gayest Paris

STREETS OF CAIRO,

Presents the rude Egyptian and Barbaric Dances peculiar to the Orient and the far East and at every hand one sees Turks, Egyptians, Arabians, Hindoos, Arabs, Gunspinners, Dervishes, Sword-fighters, Sacred Donkeys, Elephant and Camels.

Electra, or Dreaming and Waking,

A suspension in mid-air without visible means of support, with various tableaux, including two showing Joan of Arc and Rob Roy.

Then there will be a reproduction of the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries Fight, a Turkish Theater, a Gipsy Village,

Hagenback's Trained Animal Show,

and realistic representation of one of New York's Chinatown Opium Dens,

THE GERMAN VILLAGE

Near the main entrance, where you can hear the famous Sutterlate's Tyrolean Singers. Sam Rollins will have charge of the German Village—a guarantee that all who attend will be well served and receive courteous treatment.

BALLOON ASCENSIONS DAILY

Under the direction of Prof. Grace Shannon, balloon ascensions will be made at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m., with parachute leap. At the night ascension the aeronaut will discharge a fine display of fireworks while in midair.

FIVE BANDS OF MUSIC EACH DAY OF THE FAIR

Remember place and date

MASSILLON SEPTEMBER 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Excursion Rates on all Railroads Entering the City.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the Association.

The seventeenth annual meeting of the Tuscarawas Township Sunday School Association was held at the Tabernacle at Crystal Springs, O., August 23 and 24, 1899. The sessions were conducted as follows: At 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon the convention was opened with instrumental music by Messrs. Osie Hursh, John Steele and Warren Erb. Next was prayer, led by the Rev. Mr. Berry, after which was the enrollment of delegates. Following this was the address of welcome by the president. The greater part of the afternoon was given to the children's exercises, which were conducted by S. F. Christman and Miss Nellie Miller. In these exercises the sixteen, the West Brookfield M. E., the West Brookfield Union and the McFarren M. E. schools were represented.

Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Piano solo by Warren Erb. Devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Warren. The Rev. H. J. Christman was to have next treated the subject, "The Sunday School Teacher's Consecration." In the absence of the speaker, the Rev. W. H. Berry spoke on the subject. He said: "Parents wish their children to have a saving and intellectual knowledge of the bible. This depends on the teacher. He need not be a theologian, but must be a person that makes the child understand the truth." He spoke of the use of object lessons in teaching children, saying that studying the lesson is not imparting it to the child; neither is preaching and lecturing the proper way to teach children. He also said pastors should train persons for prospective teachers and spoke of teachers' meetings being a benefit, in that they give the teachers the same idea.

Next was an address by C. E. Snively on "A Higher Manhood." He said there is cause for rejoicing in having gotten rid of the barbarous customs of old, and spoke of the investment in the high standard of manhood as never being a failure. The true man, he said, is the only aristocrat. Men will do anything for a bribe. We need men never wanting in honesty and integrity, more like the Galilean of old who said, "Be ye perfect." Private life needs perfect men as much as public life does. The trouble between labor and wealth will never be settled except by means of the golden precept, "As ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them." A weak man can never help another person. To acquire right manhood you must acquire right thinking, for we become like that which we think upon.

Next was the discussion of the two addresses by the Rev. N. E. Moffat and the Rev. Mr. Schaefer. Several selections of instrumental music were rendered during the session by Miss Alice Hursh and Messrs. Osie Hursh and John Steele. The Misses Nellie and Alice Hursh sang a duet after the address of the Rev. Mr. Berry.

Thursday morning, 9 a. m.: Piano solo by Warren Erb.

Devotional exercises were led by the Rev. Mr. Zauz, which were followed by an address by the Rev. Mr. Warner on "How to Reach the Sabbath-breaking Element." He said: "Sabbath-breakers are those people who violate the Sabbath. Jesus was a keeper of the Sabbath day. In large cities people do not seem to heed the Sabbath. Not only among the notorious characters, but even in the church, we find those who do not keep the Sabbath holy by worship. The reading of Sunday papers and secular thoughts rob us of the power to do that which we would." He spoke of Gladstone, one of the most profound and learned men, as spending his Sabbaths in worship. He also said: "We cannot legislate the Sabbath-breakers out of the world. We have no choice as to whether we should go visiting or go to church. Sabbath-breakers can be reclaimed only through the blood of Jesus. To prevent children from falling into the habit of Sabbath-breaking we should show them the effects of the habit."

Next was an address on "The Legal Phase of the Sabbath," by Walter Putman. The speaker read the greater part of the time from the decision of Judge Thurman, of the supreme court of the state of Ohio. The speaker made the assertion that the laws of the United States were not founded on the law of God, the Bible, but on the laws of nature. This assertion was not accepted by all present.

Next was an address by the Rev. J. H. Steele on "A Lesson on Contentment." He said "Contentment is a result of every Sabbath day work. Discontent is contrary to the Christian spirit." He spoke of the blues as a disease and said he wanted to come as one of the class called cheer-up-a-dists. He said that Job, the man of God, had the spirit of contentment. Contentment does not impede progress. It is not indifference. It is an art, but not a theory or science. It is the act of conforming ourselves with God's will. It does not require very much talent to be a grumbler." He said, "We can say that contentment is the appurtenant of the law of cause and effect as found in nature. Faith, peace and contentment, the result of Christian work was found in Paul. He was always ready, no contentment being undesigned."

After the appointment of committees, as the hour of dinner had arrived, the two other numbers of the programme were postponed until after dinner.

Thursday afternoon—Devotional exercises were led by the Rev. Mr. Hawk. First on the programme was a report of the state convention given by Miss Etta Egbert. An address by Olive Smith on "Through Nature to Nature's God." Miss Smith spoke of the beauty and happiness of Helen Keller and of her being equal to other girls in her studies but having only one avenue to her soul. She

said, "Keep the avenues of the soul open. Learn the child to love and respect God. Our own windows toward Jerusalem should be kept open for the good of the children. The questions of a child are the natural outcrochings of his spirit toward God. The study of nature by the child, is to get the Spirit of God which is in everything. A perfect human being perfectly developed is the greatest handiwork of God. A child may always learn God through friends. He will find the parental care of God in parents. The brotherly love of Jesus through his brother, and the love of God through friends."

Next was a selection of instrumental music by Miss Alice Hursh and Osie Hursh and John Steele.

Next on the programme was an address on "The Sunday School, the Hope of the Nation" by the Rev. O. P. Foust. He spoke of the nation springing from one family and as the family increased the wants increased. He said, "A nation is a man grown larger. Each person is as necessary in the nation as any part of the body. A nation is divided into four classes: The industrious, dependent, defective and delinquent. The industrious is the ruling class, although other classes cause the nation to waver. There are many dependent which are cared for by Christians. Upon the Christians, the salt of the earth, depends the progress of the nation. Just as the nation depends on the naval schools for young men, so the church looks to the Sunday school for reinforcements. We must gather the children into the Sunday school and church for our nation depends on the children. They should be Christians so the nation may advance. Next was a selection of instrumental music, after which a round table was conducted by Miss Etta Egbert. This was quite interesting. Next was an address by the Rev. Torbet, on "Our Children in the Church." He said, "practice what our ministers preach. Children never complain of long sermons. We should make application of the bible truths and enforce them on the children. The child needs an awakening of desires and latent powers which can be reached from the pulpit. Children are not incapable of religion. The Sunday school is the stepping stone to God and the church." Instead of the address by Miss Holm, a very eloquent and instructive address was given by the Rev. Mr. Wilson.

Thursday, 8 p. m.: Instrumental music by Miss Alice Hursh, Osie Hursh and John Steele. Devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Berry. Next was a vocal solo by Miss Nellie Hursh, accompanied by Miss Alice Hursh, pianist, and Osie Hursh, flutist. Then came an address by the Rev. J. J. Hawk on "That Naughty Scholar." He said: "The naughty scholar is in the Sunday school. What shall we do with him? He is a lesson in himself. The purpose of the Sunday school is to interest the minds of the children. Unless you love them you cannot reach the naughty scholar. The world will be brought to Christ by young men and women. In discouragement call on God for help. We must reach him through the grace of Christ."

Next was an address by the Rev. J. H. Steele on "The Old Church for the New Century." A man does detriment to his own welfare who denies God. Christianity causes us to look ahead to better things. What will the church be in the next century with its improvements? Shall we accept the jeers against the church? Does the church hold a place in the new century? Luther, Calvin, Knox, Latimer, Zwingli, etc., represent the passing scenes of the church. What of Christ's church in the new century? The pulpit and use of power have not waned. The church will have to remember her Creator and also the only remedy for sin. The church is a refuge for homesick souls, therefore the church will be of use in the new century.

Dr. Camel then sang a solo, accompanied by Miss Jennie Cully, pianist. The convention ended with the singing of "Abide With Me."

The English and Americans who were killed during the recent trouble in Samoa will be commemorated by a joint monument, which will prove a stronger tie between the two people than a score of parchment promises. It will be composed of granite, with the names of the Americans engraved on one panel and the British on the other, the flags of the two countries being intertwined above the roll of the dead.

Army Doctor Barth, of Koeslin, Germany, has discovered that singing possesses health-giving properties. It intensifies, he says, the respiratory movements, thus rendering the lungs capable of dealing with more air. This increases and strengthens the action of all the organs of the body, appetite and thirst increase, and the more frequent movement of the diaphragm and the wall of the abdomen materially aid digestion.

Gretna Green is a parish in Scotland just "over the border" where marriages used to be performed according to the law of Scotland. The ceremony was binding performed by a layman in the simplest form, when, being registered, the parties, in the presence of witnesses, were declared man and wife. The first person who officiated at these strange unions was George Scott, who began "his unlicensed ministry" about the year 1756.

On the Presidio rifle range, near San Francisco, Uncle Sam is carrying out an extraordinary work, the first of its kind ever attempted by the United States. Since the beginning of May, just eight weeks ago, over 3,000 raw recruits, a great majority of whom had never had a rifle in their hands in their lives, are there being transformed into excellent marksmen, with a thorough technical knowledge of the army gun and the way to handle it.

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa

Costs less than One Cent a cup.
Be sure that the Package bears our Trade-Mark.
A Perfect Food. Pure, Nutritious, Delicious.
WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited.
Established 1780.
DORCHESTER, MASS.

THE RACING PROGRAMME

Of the Nineteenth Annual Fair at Wheeling is a Great One.

One of the chief attractions of the West Virginia State Fair, the nineteenth annual exhibition of which opens September 4, on the Wheeling island has always been the racing programme. Turf contests have ever been among the most popular of outdoor sports. Interesting the resident of city and country alike, and no class of amusements afford that interest which attaches to racing, or attract such large audiences. Not even the three-ringed circus is in it with racing, and the spectator gets much more for his money in a day's good racing on a fine track than could be obtained from four circuses. The track of the West Virginia Association is admittedly the finest half-mile track in the United States, being constructed at a large cost and upon strictly scientific principles. The grand stand is a very fine one, being constructed of steel and iron and capable of seating five thousand five hundred people, and all the racing accessories are thoroughly up-to-date. This year the racing programme contains twelve events, for purses aggregating \$4,800. There are three races on each day after Monday, under the superintendency of the most experienced horsemen, and rare sport will be afforded, as some crack nags have been entered.

Give the Children a Drink
called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take in place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee, but is free from all injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 1/2 as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

Cure Yourself
Of headache, constipation and biliousness by using Slusser's Vegetable Liver Pills. 35 pills for 25c.

G. A. R. AT PHILADELPHIA.

Low Rates for Everybody by Pennsylvania Lines.

The sale of low rate excursion tickets to Philadelphia for the G. A. R. National Encampment will commence Friday, Sept. 1, over Pennsylvania lines. For four days, Sept. 1, 2, 3 and 4, reduced rate tickets may be purchased over this route.

The advantages of traveling over America's standard railway system may be enjoyed by everybody who may wish to get the benefit of the low fare. In addition to special advantages in directness, solid roadbed, comfortable cars, etc., the Pennsylvania route offers:

No change of cars;
Daylight arrival at Philadelphia;
Tickets via Washington;
Stop-overs at National Capital;
Tickets going one route, returning another;
Extension of limit on tickets, and every concession authorized for the Encampment. For particulars apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursions to Wheeling via Pennsylvania Lines.

September 4th to 8th, inclusive, low rate, non-transferable excursion tickets will be sold to Wheeling, West Va., via Pennsylvania Lines for the state fair and exposition, return coupons valid until Saturday, September 9th. The exhibits, displays and exposition attractions at the West Virginia fair are the finest and best for interested persons and for the casual visitor.

Thirty-third National Encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, Philadelphia, Pa., September 4-9, 1899.

For above occasion the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia on Sept. 1, 2, 3 and 4 at very low rates for the round trip, with stop-over at Washington if desired. For further information see W. & L. E. agent.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. E. Drake's exchange:

NEW YORK.				
	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar.....	154 1/2	157	154	157
American Tobacco.....	129 1/2	129 3/4	127 3/4	129 1/2
Amalgamated (Fid.).....	69 1/2	69 3/4	68 1/2	69 1/2
U. S. & Q.....	137 1/2	138 1/2	135 1/2	137 1/2
Federal Steel.....	139 1/2	140 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2
U. S. Leather (pid).....	75 1/2	76	75 1/2	76
Manhattan.....	115 1/2	116	114 1/2	115 1/2
Viscount Pacific.....	40 1/2	41	39 1/2	40 1/2
Unionville & Nashville.....	80 1/2	81 1/2	80 1/2	81 1/2
Northern Pacific (pid).....	77 1/2	78	77 1/2	77 1/2

CHICAGO.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat.....	70	70 1/2	69 1/2	70 1/2
Dec.....	72	72 1/2	71 1/2	72 1/2
May.....	75	75 1/2	74 1/2	75 1/2
Corn.....				
Sept.....	30 1/2	31	30 1/2	31
Dec.....	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/2	28 3/4
Oats.....				
Sept.....	20	20 1/2	20	20 1/2
Dec.....	19 1/2	19 3/4	19 1/2	19 3/4
Pork.....				
Sept.....	8 3/4	8 3/4	8 1/2	8 3/4
Jan.....	9 5/8	9 5/8	9 1/2	9 5/8
Lard.....				
Sept.....	5 3/4	5 3/4	5 1/2	5 3/4
Jan.....	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/4	5 1/2

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs strong, \$4.05@4.90; cattle strong; beefs \$4.50@4.60.

TOLEDO, August 29.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 70 1/2

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (new).....	65
Wheat (old).....	63
Hay, per ton.....	7 00 to 7 50
Straw, per ton.....	5 00
Corn.....	35-37
Oats.....	20-22
Clover Seed.....	3 00-3 20
Timothy Seed.....	1 00 to 1 10
Rye, per bu.....	40
Barley.....	50
Flax seed.....	1 25
Wool.....	15 to 18

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, (new) per bushel.....	30-35
Onions, per bushel.....	50
Beets, per bushel.....	60
Apples.....	30-35
Cabbage, per dozen.....	40
Dried peaches, peeled.....	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled.....	04 to 05
Evaporated apples.....	08 to 10
Onions.....	05
White beans.....	1 25

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter.....	14-15
Eggs.....	11
Chickens, live, spring, each.....	20-30
Chickens, dressed.....	10
Turkeys, live.....	08
Turkeys, dressed.....	14

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Sausage.....	06
Spare Ribs.....	06
Backbone.....	06
Ham.....	09
Shoulder.....	05
Lard.....	05 1/2
Sides.....	06 to 07
Cheese.....	11

The following are retail prices:

Brat, per 100 lbs.....	85
Middlings 'per 100 lbs.....	90

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.

WHEAT—No 2 red, 64 1/2c; CORN—Shelled yellow, No. 2, 35 1/2c; high mixed, 35 1/2c; No. 1, 35 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 35 1/2c; high mixed, 35 1/2c; mixed, 35 1/2c; low mixed, 35 1/2c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 27 1/2c; No. 2 white, 26 1/2c; extra No. 4, 26 1/2c; No. 8, 24 1/2c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, 31 1/2c@31.50; No. 2 timothy, 30 1/2c@31.00; No. 3 timothy, 29 1/2c@30.00; No. 1 prairie, 30 1/2c@31.00; packing hay, 27 1/2c@28.25; No. 1 timothy from country wagon, 31 1/2c@32.50.

POULTRY—Large chickens, 75c@85c per pair; small, 60c@70c; spring chickens, 30c@40c, as to size, ducks, 50c@60c per pair; turkeys 90c@1.00 per pound; geese, 75c@80c per pound; Dressed—Chickens, old, 18c@14c per pound; spring 14c@15c; ducks, 12c@14c; turkeys, 14c@15c; geese, 10c@12c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23c; extra creamery, 22c@23c; Ohio fancy creamery, 19c@20c; country roll, 14c@15c; low grade and cooking, 10c@14c.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, new, 10c@10 1/2c; three-quarters, 9c@9 1/2c; Wisconsin 12c@13c; 40-pound brick, Swiss, 11c@12 1/2c; Limburger, New York, 10c@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15c@16c; southern, 12c@14c; (1c additional for candling).

PITTSBURG, Aug. 29.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday fair; 12c; market steady on the very best, all others, 15c@25c lower. Supply today light market unchanged. We quote: Extra, \$5.75 (5.9); prime, \$5.50 (5.65); good, \$5.25 (5.4); tidy, \$5.00 (5.25); fair, \$4.75 (4.9); good butchers, \$4.50 (4.75); common, \$3.10 (3.25); heifers \$4.25 (4.75); oxen, \$4.50 (4.75); bulls and stags \$2.50 (4.25); common to good fat cows, \$2.25 (4.00); good fresh cows, \$4.00 (5.50); fair cows and springers, \$3.50 (5.50);ologna cows, \$1.00 (4.00).

HOGS—Receipts on Monday fair, about 2 cars; market steady, supply today 5 loads, prices unchanged. We quote: Prime medium and best Yorkers, \$4.90 (4.95); fair Yorkers, \$4.85 (4.95); heavy hogs, \$4.75 (4.80); pigs \$4.25 (4.75); grassers, \$4.70 (4.85); roughs, \$3.00 (4.35).

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday light; 6 loads; market slow. Receipts today 1 load; prices about steady. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.00 (4.35); good do., \$4.15 (4.35); fair mixed, \$3.50 (4.00); common, \$3.25 (4.00); choice spring lambs, \$5.25 (5.40); common to good lambs, \$4.00 (5.00); veal calves, \$7.00 (7.25); heavy and thin, \$4.00 (5.00).

CINCINNATI, Aug. 29.

HOGS—Market steady at \$4.50 (4.55). CATTLE—Market steady at \$4.50 (4.55). SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull at \$2.00 (3.75). Lambs—Market quiet at \$2.50 (3.50).

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

WHEAT—Spot market quiet; No. 2 red, 75c; No. 1, 76c; No. 3, 74c; Duluth 81c; to arrive, No. 2 red, 7 1/2c in elevator. OATS—Spot market quiet.

CATTLE—No sales; feeling steady. Cattle: quote American cattle lower at 11 1/2 (12c) per pound; refrigerator beef lower at 8 1/2c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for good sheep and lambs firm; others steady. 5 cars unloaded. Good to prime sheep, \$3.75 (4.25); good to choice lambs, \$5.00 (5.25); culls, \$3.50.

"Circumstances Alter Cases."

In cases of dyspepsia, nervousness, catarrh, rheumatism, eruptions, etc., the circumstances may be altered by enriching and purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Good appetite and good digestion, strong nerves and perfect health take the place of these diseases. Hood's Sarsaparilla is America's Greatest Medicine and the best that money can buy.

Hood's Pills cure biliousness and sick headache.

Excursion tickets to New York will be sold via Pennsylvania lines Sept. 1, 2, 3 and 4 at \$14 from Massillon. Purchasers may remain in New York until Sept. 30, when the big Dewey celebration will be held there.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe dealers for 25c. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Drink Grain-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Keep Cool by Taking a Lake Trip.

Visit picturesque Mackinac, the island of cool breezes, or the 30,000 islands, the Georgian Bay route. Travel via D. & C., the coast line to the Northern summer resorts. Send two cents for illustrated pamphlets. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

Ask local Ticket Agent J. A. Shoemaker about the special excursion tickets to New York over Pennsylvania lines which anybody may buy from him September 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th.

Stress with you whether you continue the nerve-curing tobacco habit, NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without any nervous distress, expels nicotine from the blood, restores the appetite, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and courage. NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will give you a full trial, absolutely free. One box usually cures, and you are guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP SMOKING

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man." C. H. KRITZ, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, Gripes, Cuts, etc. Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

NO-TO-BAC

STOPPED FREE
Permanently Cured
Insanity Prevented by
DR. KLINE'S GREAT
NERVE RESTORER

Positive cure for all Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Pains and St. Vitus' Dance, No Return. Send for free trial first day's use. Treatise and \$3 trial bottle free to all patients, who pay express charges only when received. Send to Dr. J. C. Kline, Institute of Medicine, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

\$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT

A HOLLER \$5.00 WATERPROOF RAIN COAT FOR \$2.75. Send No Money. Cut this ad. out, state your height and weight, state number of inches around body at waist taken over vest under coat close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express, C. O. D. subject to examination, examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent our special offer price, \$2.75, and express charges. THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1899 style, made from heavy waterproof tan color, genuine Mackintosh Extra heavy, double breasted, Sugar silver collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed, strongest and cleanest garment ever made. Guaranteed greatest value ever offered by us, or any other clothing store. Each sample of Mackintoshes up to \$5.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from \$5.00 to \$10.00, write for free catalog, 50c. Address: SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

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NEWS OF CANTON.

A Marriage License, but There is no Wedding.

BRIDE WAS TOO YOUNG.

W. J. Adams Brings Suit Against the Louisville Brewing Company—President McKinley Leaves for Washington—Canton Council Meets.

CANTON, Sept. 2.—Hugh Ellen, of Canton, appeared in probate court this morning, and giving his age as 21, and that of his bride, Sarah Warren, as 19, secured a license to marry. The couple then proceeded to the Valley depot, where their packed baggage awaited them, and where they evidently intended to take a north bound train. Their dreams of bliss were cut short, however, by the appearance of the bride's parents and a stalwart policeman. The latter placed the couple under arrest. The father alleges that the girl is but 15 years of age. The fact of the young man's swearing falsely makes him liable to a penitentiary sentence for perjury. His hearing has been set for next Tuesday. After a severe lecture, the girl was dismissed by Mayor Robertson.

The city council held an extra session Friday evening. Among other things, it refused to purchase the street cleaner, that has been given a two weeks' trial, and ordered the commissioner to return the same to the manufacturer, in Indianapolis. Permission was also given to the local Elks for the use of the city lot for their grand carnival which is to be given in the near future. City employees were paid. Monday being Labor Day, there will be no session.

W. J. Adams has begun suit against the Louisville Brewing company for \$100. Several weeks ago Schlitz music hall, which is conducted by the plaintiff, was closed by an attachment secured by the defendant. Plaintiff says such action has been proved wholly unwarrantable, and by the vexation and inconveniences attendant thereon, he has suffered damage in the sum named.

The city board of elections met Friday evening and appointed registrars. They are 40 in number and will consist of 23 Republicans and 23 Democrats.

From present indications Canton will be well represented in the national G. A. R. encampment at Philadelphia. A large number of veterans are preparing to attend.

Elizabeth Clerc has instituted divorce and alimony proceedings against August Clerc.

Sale of land has been confirmed and deed and distribution ordered in the guardianship of Mary and Catharine Briteman, of Perry township.

A marriage license has been granted to Charles Kaley and Myrtle Putman, of Justus.

President McKinley left for Washington at 10 o'clock Friday evening.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

President McKinley Holds a Reception Wednesday Evening.

CANTON, Aug. 31.—Thousands of people lined South Market street, Wednesday evening, when the soldiers of the Spanish-American war called on President McKinley. Headed by Thayer's Military band, they marched to the Barber residence, where they were received by the President, who delivered a short address. In it he said he recalled with pride that, in proportion to its population, Stark county had furnished as many soldiers for the late war as any county in the United States. Nearly all of the Massillon ex-soldiers were present.

President and Mrs. McKinley drove to the cemetery today, freshening with flowers the graves of their dead. The President has received many congratulations on his Pittsburgh speech, by letter and telegram.

The police report that the curfew ordinance is having an excellent effect on the children who have been in the habit of staying on the street late at night. Mayor Robertson has given instructions that the ordinance must be rigidly enforced, but as yet the officers have reported no violations.

The walls of the new boiler house at the workhouse are being laid, and the building will be completed as soon as possible. In about two weeks the broom factory will be in operation, about fifty men being employed. A Cleveland firm will operate it, under contract.

The Hurford House has changed hands, and after October 1 will be conducted by J. R. Paity, of Chicago.

With Willison & Day as her attorneys, Mary Carey, of Massillon, has instituted divorce proceedings against Mortimer C. Carey. Extreme cruelty is charged, and Blanche Mayes is named as co-respondent. Plaintiff also asserts that defendant is disposing of certain property of which he is possessed, that plaintiff may accrue no benefit therefrom, and therefore prays that court may enjoin him from so continuing, and that on the final hearing of the case she may be awarded reasonable alimony.

James N. Guthrie, of Alliance, has been appointed member of the county board of school examiners. Mr. Guthrie succeeds John Ellis, of Massillon. The latter has been an incumbent of the office for three terms, but declined

reappointment to a fourth. In his retirement the board loses an efficient member, although the loss is made up, in part, by the acquisition of Mr. Guthrie, who will doubtless prove himself a competent successor.

Will has been admitted to probate in the estate of David Daily, of Lawrence township. Michael S. Daily has been appointed executor.

Petition for sale of real estate has been filed in the estate of Elizabeth Stauffer, of Sugar Creek township. Publication for non-resident defendants has been ordered.

A marriage license has been granted to John Wilhelm and Sadie Morris, of East Greenville.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL

The Rev. H. V. Kaempker's Plans in Effect.

THE DEPARTMENTS ADDED.

High School Studies will be Taught This Year—Bookkeeping and Typewriting—Why the Little Folks are Given the Second Floor.

The curriculum of St. Mary's parochial school, which opens on Wednesday, has, in accordance with the plans of the Rev. H. V. Kaempker, been added to and improved very materially. Heretofore only the common branches have been taught in the school, but this year a higher course of study is to be introduced, embracing algebra, physiology, physical geography, rhetoric and general history. These are the branches which now constitute the study course of the lowest high school class of the union schools. The Rev. Mr. Kaempker says that next year a still higher course will be added, and the following year another. It is possible that a fourth grade will come in the course of time, thus placing the school on a level with the high schools of the large cities.

Physiology has never been studied at St. Mary's school, but the new system calls for its being taught, by talks by the teacher, aided by charts, to the younger children and by textbooks to the older. Bookkeeping and typewriting are also to be taught this year, these courses to be optional with the pupils. A new system of bookkeeping, commonly used in the east and said to be superior to the ordinary double entry method, has been adopted. All the departments will be taught by the sisters, eight of whom are now here. Seven will be regularly employed, and the eighth will serve as a substitute. Those of the girls who may be interested, will be given instruction in needlework, ornamental and otherwise. This, however, will be done outside of the regular school hours. The high school department this year is to be on the first floor. The room has been furnished with single desks of the most modern make. As soon as the means will warrant it, Mr. Kaempker intends to adopt the single desk for exclusive use in the building. At present most of the other rooms have the old style furniture. The greater part of the younger pupils will be on the second floor. Mr. Kaempker's reasons for having little folks on the second floor and the older pupils on the first are many.

"In case of fire, for instance," said he today, "little children, having implicit faith in their teachers, will obey them perfectly, while under the same circumstances older pupils would probably become panicky and set about to find their own means of escape, thus bringing a confusion that would be fatal if they were on the second floor. The children's faith in their teachers' ability to lead them safely through the danger would keep them in order and insure their safety. Again, little children in walking up and down stairs and across the floor do not make as much noise as older and larger boys and girls, so that the annoyance is not so great."

The school building is to be increased to three stories next year or the year after, and other improvements are in prospect. We must proceed slowly with these changes," remarked he, "and every one we make must be for the betterment of the school. The courses of study of some schools strike me as being very like some hotel dinners. You have a little of a great many fine dainty things, but after you have eaten them all the stomach craves for something substantial and nutritive. So it is with the brain. Give it a little of a great many things and very soon it will become evident that it has really nothing."

NATURAL GAS.

Notice to the Citizens of Massillon.

In order to introduce into all homes in the city of Massillon, in the shortest possible time, the use of natural gas the East Ohio Gas Company will give a discount from the present fixed rates of five cents for each one thousand cubic feet of gas used for domestic purposes during the year commencing July 1st, 1899, and ending July 1st, 1900. As the company is making all these connections at actual cost of materials and labor, it believes that this saving in the price of gas will go largely towards the expense of piping the houses, and will give the company the advantage of having every citizen (even the poorest) as a consumer; thus affording to all the best and cheapest fuel. To encourage the use of gas by manufacturers special rates will be given on application at the office.

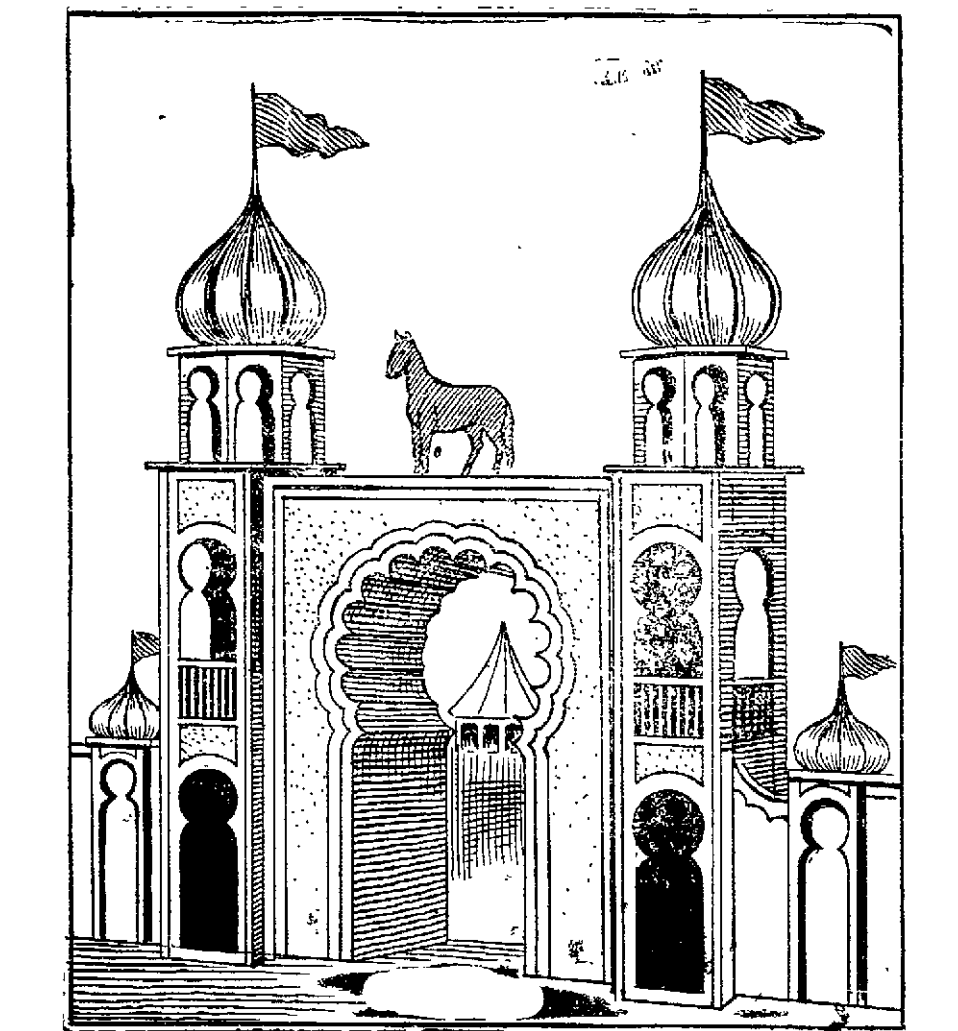
EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY,
E. STRONG, President.

THE OPENING DAY.

Everything in Readiness for the Street Fair.

GATES WILL OPEN AT 1 P. M.

Line of March and Order of Formation of the Grand Industrial Parade—Bostock's Great Carnival Company, and the World-Renowned Hagenback Trained Wild Animal Show.



Busy hands are every minute diminishing the much that is yet to be done before the land of wonders which lies beyond the imposing entrance shown in the accompanying cut will have completed all arrangements for the entertainment of the countless thousands who will be its guests next week. The gates will be opened at exactly 1 o'clock Monday afternoon, after the parade.

The route over which the parade will pass will be as follows: Forming on West street, will move east to Prospect, thence north on Prospect to North, thence east on North to Front, thence south on Front to Main, thence west on Main to Erie, thence south on Erie passing the street fair entrance and disbanding. The procession will probably be made up in the following order: Mayor Wise and Marshal Kitchen; members of the police force, mounted; Military band; members of the Street Fair Association; members of the city council; Messrs. Ratchford and Schaffer, the speakers of the day; Peter Smith, chief marshal; New Philadelphia band; New Philadelphia Amalgamated Iron and Steel Workers; Massillon Amalgamated Iron and Steel Workers; Minglewood band, North Lawrence; C. M. B. A. society; Massillon glassworkers, moulders, coremakers, cigarmakers, tailors, printers, brewers, stageworkers, bricklayers and stonecutters. Navarre Band; members of Tammany Hall; citizens generally, and then Chief Marshal George List and his industrial parade.

The grounds will be in a perfect blaze at night. In addition to the countless electric lights which will be needed to illuminate the booths and the nooks and corners, there will be four immense natural gas torches, each of a capacity similar to that which lit up half of the southern countryside recently, as well as twenty electric arc lights and sixteen of the large-size Washington incandescent lamps. The main entrance, with its dazzling variegated incandescents, will be a magnificent sight for the evening. Even the horse which stands at the top of the entrance, majestically contemplating what lies below, has its special lights, having doubtless some desire to show up well after nightfall itself. The horse is the property of the Miller Company, of Canton, through whose courtesy it was procured for the fair.

THE STAR ATTRACTIONS.

Preparations Complete for Their Arrival at the Midway.

Preparations are now complete for the arrival in this city tomorrow evening of the greatest of all attractions, for the Massillon street fair, the great amusement aggregation of the Bostock Carnival company and world famous Hagenback trained wild animal show. Traveling in their own special train and carrying over three hundred people, their arrival will be looked forward to as the advance guard of the many thousands of people who will assemble here during the coming week of festivities. In every city large crowds patiently

await the coming of this special train of amusement enterprises, and watch with interest the work of unloading and under able management no time will be lost in placing in position and erecting the city of tents. Then will the people realize what an enormous amount of work is necessary before the opening hour, when they see wagon after wagon heavily laden with machinery, tents, scenery, and other paraphernalia, together with animal cages and all that goes toward making a complete midway, second in size only to that of the great Chicago world's fair.

The one great attraction among this aggregation is the world famous Hagenback. Every citizen of this city and the surrounding country should congratulate themselves over the fact that they may, through the great efforts of the amusement committee, have an opportunity of seeing this, the finest collection of trained wild animals ever controlled by human hands. Millions of people have paid admission to see the work accomplished by the renowned Hagenback.

In this collection is the famous man-eating lion, Wallace, the most beautiful and untamable lion ever captured; also a trio of handsome baby lions, just old enough to show how cunning they can be. Numbered among this collection will be found tigers, pumas, leopards, hyenas, wolves, etc., in fact a specimen of nearly every wild animal that roams the forest, together with monkeys, baboons, orang-outangs, snakes, etc. The famous talking pony, Dandy, will give an exhibition of what an educated horse can do.

The next great feature of the famous Midway is the streets of Cairo, an exact reproduction of a street scene taken from the city from which it derives its name. Here will be found Egyptians, Arabians, Turks, Hindus, whirling Dervishes, gun spinners, sword fighters, acrobats, magicians, dancers and everything that goes toward making one grand display of Oriental people in all their pursuits of life, dress and forms of amusement. Thousands of dollars have been expended on the beautiful scenery alone, and as one walks along the street or takes a ride on one of the camels he cannot help but imagine that through some unknown agency he has been suddenly transported to some far off city of which much has been said and written, but which he never expected to see.

Next comes the most wonderful and magnificent mechanical device ever invented, the Venetian steam gondolas. Carved and gilded and with its display of mirrors it stands without a parallel, the most gorgeous amusement enterprise ever seen. Here it is that old and young can enjoy a realistic ride on the ocean wave in a real Venetian gondola.

Among the many other attractions will be found the Crystal Maze. So clever is this illusion that old and experienced guides who have traveled with this marvelous maze find themselves fooled at times and have to call for assistance to get out.

Electra is another of the most astounding, mystifying and wonderful illusions of youth, grace and beauty ever produced before in American history. The genuine Roman Holiday Camp, with its queen of fortune tellers and readers of palmistry, emanating from the Egyptians and dating back to the foundation of the world, this great art has been handed down from generation to generation. If you would know the future, consult the famous Egypt queen.

Darkness and Dawn or, Heaven and Hell: After passing the first entrance, one passes down through the cave of death, after which a motor guides you through the infernal regions, and because of its weird grandeur, its beauty, its beggars description. Leaving behind this weird panorama, one passes through a door, where under electrical effects, the gates of Paradise open, which create an impression never to be forgotten. Here is also produced the dance of the nymphs.

Not one of the above attractions or those that have not been mentioned can be appreciated until seen, and not by word of mouth or by action will anything suggestive of immorality be allowed by the management. The gates will be open to the public immediately after the grand civic and industrial parade on Monday, in which all the Midway performers will participate. The parade will start promptly at 10 a. m. On Tuesday and each of the following days until the close of the fair the gates will be open promptly at 10 a. m. They will be closed again at 5:30 p. m. and reopened at 7, closing again at 10:30 p. m. A charge of ten cents will be made at the first gate, but the entrance to the great Midway will be free.

BANDITS ROUTED.

Their Most Important Stronghold Captured.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—[By Associated Press]—A dispatch has been received from General Hughes, at Manila, saying that Colonel Bryan, on August 31, destroyed Argosia, the most important bandit stronghold, killing twenty-one, wounding many and capturing large quantities of supplies, a complete outfit for reloading shells, bolars, spears etc. The feat was remarkable, as the town is accessible only by a road almost perpendicular in slope, constantly under fire for a thousand feet. One officer and two men were struck by boulders rolled down on them but were not seriously hurt, and there were no casualties. It is reported, that the bandits numbered four hundred. General Otis cables the arrival of the transport Indians with the Sixteenth infantry, ten officers and eight hundred and seven recruits.

THE DREYFUS TRIAL.

Evidence Greatly Favors the Prisoner.

RENNES, Sept. 2.—[By Associated Press]—Major Hartman gave interesting testimony tending to show that Dreyfus could not have written the "Robin" shell, but it was deemed best to hear that in secret session, at the close of today's session. General DeLoye contradicted Hartman, but the latter maintained his ground. DeLoye admitted that the inventor of the "Robin" shell told him that Dreyfus had never asked him for the particulars about his shell, save on a minor point.

YELLOW FEVER.

One Death Reported in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—[By Associated Press]—The report of one fatal case of yellow fever in the city has caused no stampede of people, but considerable vexation on account of the sudden quarantine by surrounding towns, resulting in heavy loss from closing Alabama and Texas from New Orleans freight.

KANSAS CITY FIRE.

An Immense Packing House is Burned.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 2.—[By Associated Press]—Jacob Dold's immense packing plant was burned last night. Loss, \$300,000; insured.

SHOT BY STRIKERS.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 2.—[By Associated Press]—Five men entering the mine at Stevens' colliery, at Pittston, today to make repairs, were "fired on" by striking miners. One man was killed and two injured.

SCARCITY OF BOYS.

MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 2.—[By Associated Press]—The great scarcity of boys prevents two glass factories from starting. Three are in operation. The transient laws are said to be the cause of the scarcity.

No Relief for 20 Years.

I have been troubled for the last twenty years with bronchial affection, and at times have been bedfast. Have tried a great many cough remedies but found no relief until I tried Foley's Honey and Tar. I can honestly recommend Foley's Honey and Tar as a quick relief, reliable, pleasant to take and a sure cure for diseases of the throat and lungs.—Minerva Smith, 414 Washington, Ave., Danville, Ill. Rider & Snyder.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

HE SOUGHT DEATH.

Madman Hurls Himself from a Veranda.

WENT DOWN FIFTEEN FEET.

Picked up for Dead and Found to have a Dislocated Spine and Internal Injuries—All the Other News of the Big Institution.

John Keipinger, a patient, plunged headlong from the veranda of the hospital building of the state asylum for the insane down upon the stone walks, Friday afternoon. He struck on his shoulder, dislocating the spinal column and sustaining internal injuries. An attendant was on the veranda with Keipinger at the time, but the latter took advantage of a moment when the employee's head was turned. It is supposed that he jumped with suicidal intentions, though he has not been regarded as that sort of patient, having never made any similar attempts before. He was received at the institution on August 15 from Tuscarawas county, and since that time had been on the veranda almost daily. Keipinger is 35 years old. He has been weak mentally for two years, as the result of a stroke. Nothing is known concerning his relatives, the hospital authorities having in his case only the address of the superintendent of the Tuscarawas county infirmary, in which institution he was a patient for a long time previous to his being sent here. Dr. Rogers, assistant superintendent, says that Keipinger is in a precarious condition.

The most interesting patient about the institution to visitors is one individual who is usually in sight at the infirmary, and whose pockets constantly bulge with notes and checks for m. m. m. Visitors are never shown through this building, but few pass that way whose attention he cannot attract from his window. His gift of millions is usually preceded by a long communication signed "George Shaw, Detective," which generally has to do with the evils of the day and things religious, so thoroughly mixed that a headache comes with every attempt to discover an intelligible sentence. He imagines himself immensely wealthy, and a greater man than Sherlock Holmes or "Old Sleuth." His has been a case of delusional insanity for fourteen years, and there is a story about the hospital that a too great indulgence in yellow backed literature is responsible for his being where he is. Shaw is a Tuscarawas county patient.

Among the week's visitors at the institution were Infirmary Director Jones, of Youngstown, who says his county's institution has more insane than can well be taken care of. Architect Packard, of Columbus, who designed all of the buildings of the institution and who is very well pleased with the way work has been carried on; and Superintendent Johnston, of the Junior Order of American Mechanics' Orphans' Home, at Tiffin.

"There are no men like some insane men to work," remarked an attackee who knows a good laborer when he sees him, yesterday. "Now there's Billy Dantzenheiser, for instance. Billy's a patient, but he would no sooner think of 'soldiering' when he's put on a job than I would of dying. I would n't exchange him for any day laborer there is in the town. Of course there's another kind. Some of these chaps are sower about their way of killing time than any sane workman I ever met. We never force them, and if you'll stand by and watch them go at the work in their different ways you can easily separate the man who likes to work from the others."

Dr. Richardson's new residence is completed at last, and he and his family are now preparing to vacate the Shriver property, on South Erie street, which has been their home for a year past.

As the number of persons employed at the institution increases, the demand for residences in that vicinity becomes greater. It is expected that a few years will see all the land now lying between Massillon and the hospital built up. There are at present no available residences in the immediate vicinity of the asylum. It seems out a matter of a few years until the institution itself will be a part of Massillon.

SCHOOL NEXT WEEK.

St. Joseph's and St. Mary's Shortly to Resume Study.

The fall school term in St. Mary's and St. Joseph's parochial schools will commence on next Tuesday. Both schools will be in charge of the sisters. St. Mary's will have six teachers, one more than last term, while St. Joseph's will have four, one less than last term. The children will be allowed Monday, which is also Labor Day, to see the street fair. The fall term in the union schools will begin September 11.